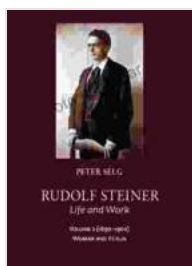


Rudolf Steiner: A Life of Spiritual Insight and Practical Action, Volume 1890-1900

Rudolf Steiner was an Austrian philosopher, scientist, artist, and esotericist. He is best known for his development of anthroposophy, a spiritual philosophy that seeks to integrate science, art, and religion. This book is the first volume of a comprehensive biography of Steiner, and it covers his life and work from his birth in 1861 to the turn of the century.



Rudolf Steiner, Life and Work Volume 2 (1890-1900)

by Peter Selg

★★★★☆ 4.4 out of 5

Language : English
File size : 8776 KB
Text-to-Speech : Enabled
Enhanced typesetting : Enabled
Word Wise : Enabled
Print length : 320 pages
Screen Reader : Supported



Steiner was born in the small village of Kraljevec, Austria-Hungary. His father was a railway official, and his mother was a devout Catholic. Steiner showed an early interest in the natural world, and he spent much of his childhood exploring the forests and fields near his home. He also developed a strong interest in music and literature, and he began writing poetry and plays at a young age.

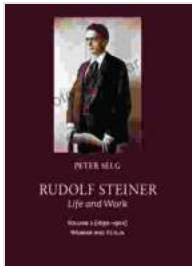
In 1879, Steiner entered the Vienna Technical University to study chemistry and physics. He graduated in 1883 with a doctorate in philosophy. After graduation, Steiner worked as a tutor and a teacher, and he also continued to write poetry and plays. In 1890, he published his first major work, "The Philosophy of Freedom." This book set forth Steiner's basic philosophical principles, which he would continue to develop throughout his life.

In 1894, Steiner met the German philosopher Friedrich Nietzsche. Nietzsche had a profound influence on Steiner, and he helped Steiner to develop his own unique approach to philosophy. Steiner began to lecture on Nietzsche's work, and he also wrote a number of essays on Nietzsche's philosophy.

In 1899, Steiner published his second major work, "The Riddle of Philosophy." This book was a comprehensive exposition of Steiner's own philosophical system. Steiner argued that the universe is a spiritual being, and that human beings are spiritual beings who are evolving towards a higher state of consciousness. He also developed a theory of knowledge that he called "anthroposophy." Anthroposophy is a method of познание that seeks to integrate the rational and the intuitive faculties of human beings.

In 1900, Steiner founded the Anthroposophical Society. The Anthroposophical Society is a worldwide organization that promotes Steiner's teachings. Steiner continued to lecture and write throughout his life, and he also founded a number of schools, clinics, and other institutions based on his anthroposophical principles.

Rudolf Steiner was a prolific writer and lecturer, and his work has had a profound influence on a wide range of fields, including philosophy, science, art, religion, and education. He is considered one of the most important spiritual teachers of the 20th century, and his work continues to be studied and applied by people around the world.

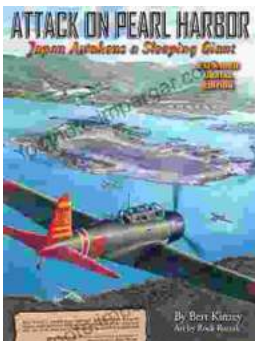


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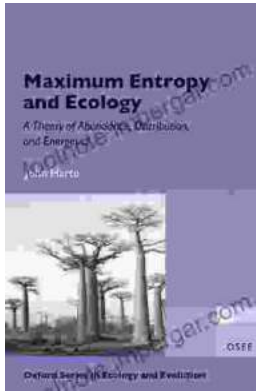
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